

Bolivia's demand for energy storage equipment



Overview

6Wresearch actively monitors the Bolivia Energy Storage Solutions Market and publishes its comprehensive annual report, highlighting emerging trends, growth drivers, revenue analysis, and forecast outlook. What are the heating demands in Bolivia?

Residential heating demands in Bolivia are quite low, though they do notably increase throughout the transition as access to energy services increase, except for biomass for cooking, which is phased out by the end of the transition. Heating demands are projected to increase from 52 TWh in 2015 to 205 TWh in 2050. Fig. 12.

What type of energy system does Bolivia use?

Similar to the country's total energy system, the power sector relies heavily on natural gas (AEtN, 2016). The electricity network in Bolivia is broken into two classifications: the National Interconnected System (SIN) and the Isolated Systems (SAs).

Will electricity demand increase in Bolivia in 2050?

Simulations performed using the LUT Energy System Transition model comprising 108 technology components show that electricity demand in Bolivia would rise from the present 12 TWh to 230 TWh in 2050, and electricity would comprise 82% of primary energy demand.

What are the policy guidelines for the energy sector in Bolivia?

The Bolivian government has established the following policy guidelines for the energy sector: energy sovereignty, energy security, energy universalization, energy efficiency, industrialization, energy integration, and strengthening of the energy sector (MHE, 2014).

Does Bolivia have a long-term energy plan?

As previously mentioned, the Bolivian government does not provide any long-

term energy planning study, however, the UNFCC (2015b) states that RE will compose 81% of electricity generation by 2030. Bolivia's scenario for 2027 according to MHE (2009) states that biomass sources will comprise 8% of total final energy demand.

How much solar power does Bolivia have?

In the study of Jacobson et al. (2017), Bolivia's all-purpose end load would be covered by 22% wind energy, 15% geothermal, 3% hydropower, 49% solar PV, and 10% CSP. For the whole of South America, Löffler et al. (2017), find roughly 40% shares of both hydropower and solar PV, with the remaining 10% covered by wind offshore and onshore.

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