SolarTech Power Solutions

The DC input voltage of the inverter is high

Overview

What causes a DC inverter to overvoltage?

This can arise from high inertia loads decelerating too quickly, the motor turns into a generator and increases the inverter’s DC voltage. There are other causes of DC overvoltage, however. POSSIBLE FIXES: Turn the overvoltage controller is on. Check supply voltage for constant or transient high voltage. Increase deceleration time.

Why does a string inverter have a 230V output?

The reason for this starts from the principle of the power inverter. For the DC-DC-BOOST circuit of the string inverter, the DC voltage needs to be boosted and stabilized to a certain value (this is called the DC bus voltage) before it can be converted to AC power. As to the 230V output, its DC bus voltage should be about 360V.

What are the most common faults on inverters?

In this article we look at the 3 most common faults on inverters and how to fix them: 1. Overvoltage and Undervoltage Overvoltage This is caused by a high intermediate circuit DC voltage. This can arise from high inertia loads decelerating too quickly, the motor turns into a generator and increases the inverter’s DC voltage.

Why is my inverter screen not working?

Reason 3: The DC input voltage is too low. When the string output voltage is lower than the minimum input voltage of the inverter, there is no display on the inverter screen. To make sure, you can use a multimeter to measure the output voltage of the photovoltaic string to see whether the voltage reaches the minimum input voltage of the inverter.

Why is the AC side voltage of the inverter too high?

Reasons why the AC side voltage of the inverter is too high: ① The cable

between the inverter and the grid connection point is too thin, too long, entangled, or the cable material is unqualified, causing the voltage on the AC side of the inverter to rise (ΔU increases).

What is the difference between maximum DC input voltage and start-up voltage?

The maximum DC input voltage is a little higher than the MPPT operating maximum voltage. The start-up voltage is higher than the MPPT operating minimum voltage. This is because the maximum DC input voltage and the start-up voltage are two parameters corresponding to the open-circuit state of the component.

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